Study Circle Career Development Institute

100 Important Points : SSP



(22) Geography: Indian Rivers & projects, Rainfall, Climate

(2) Maharashtra, India and World Geography (15)

- 1) Physical Geography of World (3)
- 2) Social Geography of World (1)
- 3) Economical Geography of World (1)
- 4) Physical Geography of India (2)
- 5) Social Geography of India (1)
- 6) Economical Geography of India (2)
- 7) Physical Geography of Maharashtra (2)
- 8) Social Geography of Maharashtra (1)
- 9) Economical Geography of Maharashtra (1)

- 16) Solar System & Earth, Latitudes, Longitudes, Time
- 17) Earthquakes & Volcanoes, Geographical Features, Rivers & projects
- 18) Atmosphere and Climate, Winds & Ocean Currents
- 19) World Population, Languages, Races, Geopolitics, World Locations & Boundaries
- 20) World Minerals and Energy Resources, Industry, Transport & Tourism, Forestry & Environment, Agriculture
- 21) Evolution and Geomorphology of the Indian Subcontinent, Major physiographic regions -Himalayas, Mountains, Planes, Plateau, Desert area, Coastal areas, Islands,
- 22) Indian Rivers & projects, Rainfall, Climate
- 23) Population, Languages, Tribes and Races, Geopolitics
- 24) India: Agriculture, Vegetation, Minerals and Energy Resources
- 25) India: Industry, Transport & Tourism, Cities, Trade
- 26) Sahyadri and its ranges, rivers & dams
- 27) Rocks, Soil, crpos, vegetation
- 28) Population, migration, habitations & tribes
- 29) Maharashtra: Agriculture, Vegetation, Minerals and Energy Resources
- 30) Maharashtra: Industry, Transport & Tourism, Cities, Trade

State Service Preliminary Examination 2024

Preparation & Guidance: Topics & Subtopics of the Syllabus

100 Important Points Geography: 22

1)	Hov 1) 1		ıy rive	er basi	ns are there in Inc 2) 15	dia having more than 20 3) 18	000 Sq. km. drainage area each? 4) 21
2)	1) N	Mahar	nadi F	River	rises in Chattisga		ver rises in Maharashtra rises in Madhya Pradesh
3)	the (1) Ir	Great	Hima Brahn	alayas naputi	rs of the Indian su . These rivers are a and Jhelum I Tapti		
4)	The Narmada river has deep, narrow gorges and waterfalls. a) It flows through the rift valley. b) The eastern basin of Narmada has more rainfall than the western basin. c) Burnhar, Banjor, Sher, Tawa, Hirna, Barna are the tributaries. Answer Option:						
	1) (a) and	l (b)	only	2) (a) and (c)	3) (b) and (c)	4) (a), (b) and (c)
5)		ich of Cauve		ver of	Indian does not 2) Godavari	form a delta ? 3) Krishna	4) Narmada
55)	A) E B) H C) N D) F Ans 1) 2) 3) 4)	A (Pr Bhakra Hiraku Nizam Krishr Swer (A III IV II I	oject) a Nang Id sagar arajas Optio B IV III I	sagar on: C II II IV	II) Andhra Prad III) Punjab IV) Odisha D I II IV		
7)	a) P	andha	rpur :	Chan	ng pairs : Famou drabhaga b) T ven above are con	Firuchirappalli : Cauver	y c) Hampi : Malaprabha
			_	_		3) (b) and (c)	4) (a), (b) and (c)

- 8) What is the correct Sequence of the rivers-Godavari, Mahanadi, Narmada and Tapi in the descending order of their lengths?
 - 1) Godavari-Mahanadi-Narmada-Tapi
- 2) Godavari-Narmada-Mahanadi-Tapi
- 3) Narmada-Godavari-Tapi-Mahanadi
- 4) Narmada-Tapi-Godavari-Mahanadi
- 9) Consider the following statements:
 - a) The Himalayan rivers are formed by melting snow and glaciers.
 - b) Therefore the Himalayan rivers flow continuously causing floods.
 - c) During monsoons Himalayas receive very heavy rainfall.
 - d) The rivers swell causing frequent floods.

Now state whether

Answer Option:

- 1) All the four statements are correct though (a) and (c) are not necessarily the causative factors of (b) and (d) respectively.
- 2) (b) is correct and (a) is the correct causative factor there of
- 3) (d) is correct and (c) is the correct causative factor there of
- 4) (b) and (d) both are correct and (a) and (c) are the causative factors there of respectively.
- 10) Identify the river basin shown in the following map.



- 1) Bhima Basin
- 2) Krishna Basin
- 3) Godavari Basin
- 4) Ulhas Basin

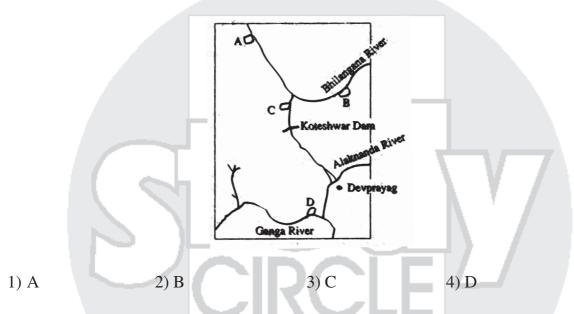
- 11) The Alamatti dam is on the river ...
 - 1) Godavari
- 2) Cauvery
- 3) Krishna
- 4) Mahanadi
- 12) Why are the rivers flowing from the Himalayas perennial? It is so
 - 1) because of heavy rainfall
- 2) because snow feeds these rivers
- 3) because it is always cold
- 4) because of soil erosion
- 13) With reference to the river Luni, which one of the following statements is correct?
 - 1) It flows into Gulf of Khambhayat
 - 2) It flows into Gulf of Kuchchh
 - 3) It flows into Pakistan and merges with a tributary of Indus
 - 4) It is lost in the marshy land of the Rann of Kuchchh
- 14) With reference to the wetlands of India, consider the following statements:
 - a) The country's total geographical area under the category of wetlands is recorded more in Gujarat as compared to other States.
 - b) In India, the total geographical area of coastal wetlands is larger than that of inland wetlands. **Answer Option:**
 - 1) (a) only
- 2) (b) only
- 3) Both (a) and (b) 4) Neither (a) nor (b)

15)	b) Keoladeo Ghana : c) Kolleru Lake : Co Which of the above	Confluence of Beas a Confluence of Banas influence of Musi and pairs is/are correctly n	and Satluj/Sutlej s National Park and Cl Krishna natched?	hambal				
	1) (a) only	2) (a) and (c)	3) (b) and (c)	4) (a), (b) and (c)				
16)	rivers in India?			correct sequence of the given				
	-	Zaskar - Satluj - Satluj - Spiti	•	-				
17)	a) Bandarpunch : Ya d) Siachen : Nubra	ing pairs: <i>Glacier : Ri</i> muna b) Bara Shig e) Zemu : Ma	ri : Chenab c) Mila anas	.m : Mandakini				
	1) b, c, d, e, a	iven above are correct 2) a, b, d	-	4) d,b,c,a				
18)	Arrange the following	ng rivers in descending	g order of their basin a	area:				
	a) Brahmputra Answer Option:	b) Krishna	c) Tapi	d) Kaveri				
١	1) b, a, d, c	2) b, d, c, a	3) a, b, d, c	4) a, c, b, d				
19)	Consider the following							
	a) Kishenganga	b) Ganga	c) Wainganga	d) Penganga				
	_	e of these rivers when						
	1) b, c , d ,a	2) a,b,c,d	3) b, a, d, c	4) d, b, c, a				
20)	The following four s a) Low temperature of			ng winter season in India. ea in the northern India.				
	c) Air pressure decre		d) Wind blows from					
	Answer Option: 1) (a) and (b) only	2) (a) and (c) only	3) (a), (b) and (d)	4) (a), (b), (c), (d)				
21)	Observe the following	ng statements :						
,	a) The rainfall in Kashmir and Himachal Pradesh and snowfall in Himalayas as occur in winter due to the effect of Jet stream.							
	b) Tamil Nadu receive rainfall in winter due to North East monsoon winds.c) The hot winds blowing during summer are known as Norwesters in Bengal							
	Answers Options:							
	1) Only Statement		2) Only statement					
	3) Only statet (c) i	s correct	4) All the above st	tatement are correct				
22)	•	ctric power station 'Sh						
	1) Kaveri	2) Krishna	3) Tungbhadra	4) Godavari				
23)	Which one of the following rivers thrice forks into two streams and reunites a few miles farther on, thus forming the islands of Srirangappattanam, Sivasamudram and Srirangam?							
	on, thus forming the factorial (1) Cauvery	isiands of Srirangappa 2) Tungabhadra	ttanam, Sivasamudrar 3) Krishna	n and Srirangam ? 4) Godavari				
	1) Cauvery	2) rangaonadia	o) ixiisiiia	1) Godavall				

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24)	Which statement amongst the following is incorrect? a) The Godavari in the southern peninsula has the second largest river basin covering 10% of the area of India b) Next to Godavari is the Krishna basin in the region. c) Mahanadi has the third largest basin in the peninsula. d) The basin of the Narmada and of the Kaveri are of about the same size. Answer Option: 1) (a) and (b) only 2) (a) and (c) only 3) (b), (c) and (d) 4) None of these
25)	Identify the following River: a) Originates in Madhya Pradesh b) Called Pranhita after its confluence with Wardha river. c) Forms the North-South boundary of Chandrapur-Gadchiroli districts. d) Pench and Bagh are its tributaries. Answer options: 1) Pranhita 2) Indravati 3) Wardha 4) Wainganga
26)	Match the following the choose the correct option from those given below: **River** Water fall** a) Sharavati i) Gokak b) Kaveri ii) Chulia c) Ghatprabha iii) Shivasamudram d) Chambal iv) Girsappa **Answer Option: **(a) (b) (c) (d) 1) (iv) (iii) (i) (iii) 2) (ii) (i) (iii) (iv) 3) (iv) (ii) (iii) (ii) 4) (iii) (iv) (ii) (i)
27)	Consider the following pairs - <i>Tributary River : Main River</i> : a) Chambal : Narmada b) Sone : Yamuna c) Manas : Brahmaputra Which of the pairs given above is/are correctly matched? 1) (c) only 2) (a) and (c) 3) (b) and (c) 4) (a), (b) and (c)
28)	The correct sequence of the eastward flowing rivers of the peninsular India from north to south is 1) Subarnarekha, Mahanadi, Godavari, Krishna, Pennar, Cauvery and Vagai 2) Subarnarekha, Mahanadi, Krishna, Godavari, Cauvery, Vagai and Pennar 3) Mahanadi, Subarnarekha, Godavari, Krishna, Cauvery Pennar and Vagai 4) Mahanadi, Subarnarekha, Krishna, Godavari, Cauvery, Vagai and Pennar
29)	With reference to India, which one of the following statements is <i>not</i> correct?

- 1) About one-third of the area of the country records more than 750 milli metres of annual rainfall
- 2) The dominant source of irrigation in the country is wells
- 3) Alluvial soil is the predominant type of soil in the northern plains of the country
- 4) The mountain areas account for about thirty percent of the surface area of the country

- 30) Assertion (A): Rainfall is scanty to the east of the western ghats Reason (R): The east of the western ghats is on the lee side Answer Option:
 - 1) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
 - 2) Both A & R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A
 - 3) A is true but R is false
 - 4) A is false but R is true
- 31) Bhakra Nangal, Hirakud and Kosi projects are situated on the rivers
 - 1) Sutlej, Mahanadi and Kosi
- 2) Sutlej, Mahanadi and Purna
- 3) Mahanadi, Beas, Godavari
- 4) Beas, Mahanadi, Sutlej
- 32) In the given figure, the site of the Tehri dam has been labelled as



- 33) Which of the following factors causes rainfall in winter in north-west part of India?
 - 1) Anticyclones

2) Western disturbances

3) Retreating monsoons

- 4) South-west monsoons
- 34) Consider the following statements:
 - a) There are no east flowing rivers in Kerala.
 - b) There are no west flowing rivers in Madhya Pradesh.

Answer Option:

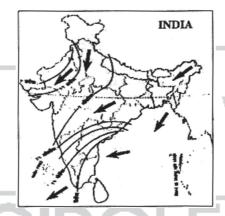
- 1) (a) only
- 2) (b) only
- 3) Both (a) and (b) 4) Neither (a) nor (b)
- 35) Assertion (A): West-flowing rivers of Peninsular India have no deltas.

Reason (R): These rivers do not carry any alluvial sediments.

Answer Option:

- 1) Both A and R are individually true and R is the correct explanation of A
- 2) Both A and R are individually true but R is **not** the correct explanation of A
- 3) A is true but R is false
- 4) A is false but R is true

- 36) Two important rivers one with its source in Jharkhand (and known by a different name in Odisha), and another, with its source in Odisha — merge at a place only a short distance from the coast of Bay of Bengal before flowing into the sea. This is an important site of wildlife and biodiversity and a protected area. Which one of the following could be this?
 - 1) Bhitarkanika
- 2) Chandipur-on-sea 3) Gopalpur-on-sea 4) Simlipal
- 37) In India, many states consider the 'Anewarry System' as a criteria of drought, wherein crop conditions are passed through visual estimates and when the production is 50 to 75 percent of normal than it, is
 - 1) No drought
- 2) Moderate drought 3) Severe drought
- 4) Disastrous drought
- 38) The ICAR has divided the country in 129 zones called ago-climatic zones. The classification is based on Topography, Temperature, Rainfall and ...
- 1) Farming pattern 2) Farming system 3) Water resources 4) Cropping pattern
- 39) Observe the map and find the out the correct option of blowing winds.



- 1) South West monsoon winds
- 2) North East monsoon winds
- 3) South West trade winds
- 4) Polar winds
- 40) The Indian Meteorological Departmnt (IMD) is issuing a daily forecast every aftrnoon is termed as.....
 - 1) Tentative crop outlook

- 2) Farmers Weather Bulletin
- 3) Medium Range forecasts
- 4) Periodic forecasts
- 41) In the given diagram, the shaded are shows the spatial-spread of a climatic region according to Trewartha. Identify the region.



1) Semi-Arid

- 2) Sub-Tropical Humid
- 3) Tropical Savanna (Dry Winter)
- 4) Tropical Wet

42)	Assertion: Southern part of India is a tropical region and the Northern part of India has temperate climate. Reason: Tropic of cancer passes almost through the central portion of India. Answer Option: 1) A and R also correct and R is the correct explanation of A 2) A and R are correct, but R is not the correct explanation of A 3) A is true, R is false 4) A is false, R is true						
43)	Which of the following pairs are correctly matched <i>Waterfalls : River</i> ? a) Kapildhara Falls : Godavari b) Jog Falls : Sharavati c) Sivasamudram Falls : Cauvery Select the correct answer using the code given below : 1) (a) and (b) only 2) (a) and (c) 3) (b) and (c) 4) (a), (b) and (c)						
44)	Gandhi Sagar Dam is a part of which one o 1) Chambal Project 3) Damodar Valley Project	f the following? 2) Kosi Project 4) Bhakra Nangal Project					
45)	Which of the following pairs are correctly matched <i>Irrigation Project</i> : <i>State</i> ? a) Damanganga: Gujarat b) Girna: Maharashtr c) Pamba: Kerala Select the correct answer using the code given below: 1) (a) and (b) only 2) (a) and (c) 3) (b) and (c) 4) (a), (b) and (c)						
46)	Match List I with List II and select the corn List I (Rivers) List II (Dams) A. Cauvery 1. Alamatti B. Krishna 2. Mettur C. Narmada 3. Gandhi Sagar D. Chambal 4. Sardar Sarovar Answer Option: A A B C D D 1) 1 4 2) 2 1 3) 2 1 3) 2 1 4) 1 3 4 2	rect answer using the codes given below the lists:					
47)	Which of the following pairs are correctly a) Idukki Thermal power station c) Ghatprabha Irrigation project Answer Option : 1) (a) and (b) only 2) (a) and (c) only	matched? b) Sabarigiri Hydroelectric project d) Ramganga Multipurpose project 3) (b), (c) and (d) 4) (a), (b), (c), (d)					
48)	Which of the following is wrongly matche 1) Nagarjunasagar - Andhra Pradesh 3) Tungabhadra - Karnataka & A.P.	d ? 2) Farakka - West Bengal 4) Tawa - Gujarat					

49) Which one of the following is the correct sequence of the states (labelled 1, 2, 3 and 4) of India shown on the map in descending order in terms of their available ground water resources for irrigation?



- 1) 3, 4, 1, 2
- 2) 3, 4, 2, 1
- 3) 4, 3, 1, 2
- 4) 4, 3, 2, 1
- 50) With reference to river Teesta, consider the following statements:
 - a) The source of river Teesta is the same as that of Brahmaputra but it flows through Sikkim.
 - b) River Rangeet originates in Sikkim and it is a tributary of river Teesta.
 - c) River Teesta flows into Bay of Bengal on the border of India and Bangladesh. Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
 - 1) (b) only
- 2) (a) and (c)
- 3) (b) and (c)
- 4) (a), (b) and (c)

