

**Study Circle Career Development Institute**

# **100 Important Points : SSP**



**(42) Polity & Governance : Empowerment of weaker sections, NGOs**

### **3) Maharashtra and India - Indian Polity and Governance (15)**

- 1) **Constitution (3)**
- 2) **Political System (3)**
- 3) **Panchayati Raj & Urban Governance (3)**
- 4) **Public Policy (3)**
- 5) **Humana Rights Issues (3)**

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- 31) Constituent Assembly, Sources, Committees, Symbols
- 32) Preamble, Salient & Basic features, articles
- 33) Amendments, Commissions and Boards
- 34) Centre State relations, New States, Judiciary
- 35) Union Executive, Legislature, Parties and Pressure Groups
- 36) State Government and Administration
- 37) Evolution of LSG, 73rd & 74th Amendment
- 38) Grampanchayat, Taluka Panchayat, Zilla Parishad & Rural development
- 39) Urban Governance - Institutes and Development
- 40) Acts, Regulations
- 41) Policies and Programmes

#### **42) Empowerment of weaker sections, NGOs**

- 43) UNHRD, HR movements
- 44) Fundamental Rights, Directive Principles, Fundamental Duties
- 45) NHRC, Constitutional Commissions - NCBC, NSCC, NSTC,

State Service Preliminary Examination 2024

Preparation & Guidance : Topics & Subtopics of the Syllabus

100 Important Points : Polity & Governance - 42

- 1) In Maharashtra which District has been the first to receive the Award of "Rastramata Jijau Kuposhan Mukta Gram Abhiyan" ?  
1) Raigad                      2) Pune                      3) Nanded                      4) Aurangabad
- 2) Which is the first State to run the human milk bank 'Jeevan Dhara'?  
1) Punjab                      2) Madhya Pradesh                      3) Rajasthan                      4) Maharashtra
- 3) Name the scheme which will provide LPG connection to five crore women beneficiaries from BPL families.  
1) Ujala                      2) Ujjwala                      3) Unnati                      4) Uday
- 4) Consider the following statements :  
a) Maharashtra is the first state in India to formulate women policy which was declared in 1994.  
b) Third women policy was declared in 2014.  
c) These policies focused on reforms in economic conditions of women.  
**Answer Options :**  
1) (a) and (b) only                      2) (a) and (c)                      3) (b) and (c)                      4) (a), (b) and (c)
- 5) Consider the scheme named 'Manodhiarya' of the Govt. of Maharashtra :  
a) This scheme is for all women and children.  
b) This scheme is rehabilitation of the survivors of rape and acid attack.  
c) Minimum compensation ₹ 50,000 to 2 lakh and maximum ₹ 3 lakh.  
d) This scheme is being implemented from 15th August 2012.  
**Answer Options :**  
1) (a) and (b) only                      2) (a), (b) and (c)                      3) (a), (c) and (d)                      4) (a), (b), (c), (d)
- 6) What is the objective of the Prime Minister Gramodaya scheme of the women and child Development Department Government of Maharashtra ?  
1) To reduce the malnourishment in children in the age group 0 - 3 years in the tribal regions of the state.  
2) To develop the tribal regions.  
3) To provide food shelter and education to Institutes and orphans to make them self - reliant.  
4) To run hostels for the children of Devdasis.
- 7) As per Section 10 of the Child Labour (Prohibition and Regulation) Act, 1986, whose decision is final in case of disputes as to age of child ?  
1) Factory Inspector                      2) Employer                      3) Medical Officer                      4) Guardian of Child

- 8) Which of the following acts was made for Child Labour during the British period ?  
1) The Factory Act      2) The Labour Act      3) The Child Labour Act      4) None of the aboves
- 9) Which of the following punishments is *not* proposed by the Cabinet in the Amendments Bill to the 'Child Labour Act' ?  
1) The offence should be cognizable.  
2) For the first offence, imprisonment of 6 to 24 months or fine of ₹ 20,000 to ₹ 50,000, or both.  
3) In case of a second or subsequent offence, imprisonment of 12 to 36 months.  
4) Penalty of ₹ 10,000 for the parents or guardians for the first offence
- 10) For the purpose of co-ordination of work and advising the appropriate Government in the matter of fixing and revising minimum rates of wages, which body is appointed by the Government ?  
a. Advisory Board      b. Advisory Council      c. Advisory Committee  
d. Advisory Commission  
1) (a) only      2) (a) and (c) only      3) (b), (c) and (d)      4) (a), (b), (c), (d)
- 11) Representative Union, Qualified Union and Primary Union, these three types of Unions recognised under  
1) Industrial Disputes Act      2) MRTU and PULP Act  
3) Maharashtra Industrial Relations Act      4) Industrial Employment (SO) Act
- 12) The ..... government has embarked upon an ambitious programme of sending 100 tribal students every year to reputed universities around the globe for higher studies.  
1) Madhya Pradesh      2) Andhra Pradesh      3) Maharashtra      4) Gujarat
- 13) The Employees Insurance Court includes which of the following as matters to be decided, if any question or dispute arises ?  
a) The rate of contribution payable by a principal employer in respect of any employee.  
b) The person who is or was the principal employer in respect of any employee.  
c) Whether he is liable to pay the employee contribution.  
d) The ratee of wages or average daily wages of an employee.  
**Answer options :**  
1) (a) and (b) only      2) (a) and (c) only      3) (b), (c) and (d)      4) (a), (b), (c), (d)
- 14) Which of the following concepts are devised and standardised by National Sample Survey Organisation and accepted by Planning Commission for analysing dimensions of unemployment problem?  
a) Usual status unemployment      b) Current daily status unemployment  
c) Current weekly status unemployment      d) Usual monthly status unemployment  
**Answer options :**  
1) (a) and (b) only      2) (a), (b) and (c)      3) (a), (c) and (d)      4) (a), (b), (c), (d)
- 15) Which scheme is launched in Jammu and Kashmir for empowering the minorities?  
1) Nai Subah      2) Nai Roshani      3) Nai Manzil      4) Nai Rah

- 16) 'Himayat' is a special scheme for :  
1) Youth of Jammu and Kashmir  
2) Poor families of Naxal affected areas  
3) For women in Jammu and Kashmir  
4) For youth in Rajasthan.
- 17) Which one of the following Prime Ministers launched the scheme of 'Navodaya Vidyalaya, providing free education and stay at residential schools for meritorious children of poor rural families ?  
1) Indira Gandhi      2) Rajiv Gandhi      3) Inder Kumar Gujral      4) V.P. Singh
- 18) **Assertion (A)** : India is a caste-ridden primordial society.  
**Reason (R)** : Caste associations flourish, though their hold is weakening.  
**Answer options :**  
1) If A is true and R is the correct explanation.  
2) If A is true & R is also true, but R is not the correct explanation for A  
3) If A is true and R is false.  
4) If A and R both are false.
- 19) Following Remedies are suggested on Islamic Madarsa - Traditional education to modernise it.  
a) To teach Science, Maths, Social Education, Hindi, English Subjects.  
b) Emphasis on appointment of new teachers.  
c) Teachers training to teach new subjects.  
d) Modernise syllabus by including Science, Maths, Social Science, Hindi, English subjects.  
**Answer Options :**  
1) Only (a) statement is correct      2) (b) and (c) statements are correct  
3) Only (b) statement is correct      4) All the above statements are correct
- 20) Consider the following statements :  
a) Jawahar Navodaya Vidyalaya Scheme has the objective of providing good quality modern education to the talented children predominantly from the rural areas.  
b) Jawahar Navodaya Vidyalaya Scheme is being implemented in all the states.  
**Answer options :**  
1) (a) only      2) (b) only      3) Both (a) and (b)      4) Neither (a) nor (b)
- 21) Which one of the following two statements is **correct**?  
a) The scheme of Kendriya Vidyalaya was approved in 1962 to provide uninterrupted education to the wards of the transferable Central Govt. employees.  
b) There are 3 Central Schools abroad in Moscow, New York and London.  
**Answer options :**  
1) (a) only      2) (b) only      3) Both (a) and (b)      4) Neither (a) nor (b)
- 22) Which one of the following two statements is **correct** ?  
a) Kasturba Gandhi Balika Vidyalaya is for girls from Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribes only.  
b) It is set up in educationally backward blocks where schools are distant.  
**Answer options :**  
1) (a) only      2) (b) only      3) Both (a) and (b)      4) Neither (a) nor (b)

- 23) What were the aims and objectives in National Policy of Women's Education from 1988-2000 ?
- To stop the dropping of Girl students of 6 to 14 years age from school.
  - To give the equal opportunities in quality education to Women's in relation to Man.
  - To compel the women in participation of educational programme.
  - To Eradicate traditional male, female discrimination in Educational Process.

**Answer options :**

- Only (a) is correct statement
- Only (c) is correct statement
- (d) and (c) are correct statement
- All the above are correct statements.

- 24) Consider the following statements :

- Kasturba Gandhi Balika Vidyalaya was launched in 2004.
- Under this scheme 60% seats are reserved for girls belonging to S.C., S.T. OBC and minorities.

**Answer options :**

- (a) only
- (b) only
- Both (a) and (b)
- Neither (a) nor (b)

- 25) Consider the following statements :

- 'SABLA' scheme was launched by the Ministry of Women and Child Development in the year 2010.
- The scheme aims at empowering adolescent girls in the age group of 11 to 21 years by improving nutritional and health status.

**Answer options :**

- (a) only is correct
- (b) only is correct
- (a) and (b) both are correct
- (a) and (b) both are incorrect

- 26) Consider the following statements about the minorities in India :

- The Government of India has notified five communities, namely, Muslims, Sikhs, Christians, Buddhists and Zoroastrians as Minorities.
- The National Commission for Minorities was given statutory status in 1993.
- The smallest religious minority in India are the Zoroastrians.
- The Constitution of India recognizes and protects religious and linguistic minorities.

**Answer options :**

- (a) and (b) only
- (a), (b) and (d)
- (a), (c) and (d)
- (a), (b), (c), (d)

- 27) In which year the 'National Population Policy' with "Two children in One Family," was announced?

- 1976
- 1991
- 2000
- 2001

- 28) 8th March is observed as .....

- International Women's Day
- World AIDS Day
- Human Rights Day
- World Labour Day

- 29) In 2013, Indian Government has approved the proposal of providing loans to women Self Help Groups (SHG's) at a lower interest rate of ..... to eradicate poverty through Women Empowerment.

- 7%
- 9%
- 11%
- 4%

- 30) National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (N.R.E.G.S.) was launched in the following year. Choose the correct option.

- 2006
- 2004
- 2007
- 2001

31) Match the pairs - (Tithi Bhojan - Mid-day meal scheme)

- |                    |                |
|--------------------|----------------|
| ‘A’                | ‘B’            |
| a) Sampriti Bhojan | i) Rajasthan   |
| b) Anna Dhanam     | ii) Punjab     |
| c) Utsav Bhoj      | iii) Assam     |
| d) Priti Bhoj      | iv) Puducherry |

**Answer options :**

- |    | (a)   | (b)   | (c)  | (d)  |
|----|-------|-------|------|------|
| 1) | (ii)  | (iii) | (iv) | (i)  |
| 2) | (iii) | (iv)  | (i)  | (ii) |
| 3) | (iv)  | (iii) | (ii) | (i)  |
| 4) | (iii) | (ii)  | (i)  | (iv) |

32) Select the correct statement/statements.

- a) Prime Minister, Shri Narendra Modi launches the Pradhan Mantri Ujjwala Yojana at Ballia, Uttar Pradesh.
- b) Pradhan Mantri Ujjwala Yojana aims to provide cooking gas connections to below poverty line beneficiaries.

**Answer options :**

- 1) (a) only                      2) (b) only                      3) Both (a) and (b)                      4) Neither (a) nor (b)

33) Under the Factories Act, 1948, provisions are made regarding

- a) Regulation of artificial humidification                      b) Prevention of overcrowding in rooms
- c) Provisions of spittoons                      d) Provision for agricultural production

Choose the correct option.

- 1) (a) and (b) only                      2) (a) and (c)                      3) (b) and (c)                      4) (a), (b) and (c)

34) Since when has Mahatma Gandhi National Rural employment guarantee scheme began in India ?

- 1) 2nd February 2006    2) 2nd February 2005    3) 20 February 2006    4) 2nd October 2007

35) Select the correct statements.

- a) Employment Guarantee Scheme Committee was established by Maharashtra State Legislature on 1972.
- b) Employment Guarantee Scheme was initiated in Maharashtra on 1975.
- c) Total number of members in Employment Guarantee Scheme Committee are 25.

**Answer options :**

- 1) (c) only                      2) (a) and (c)                      3) (b) and (c)                      4) (a), (b) and (c)

36) The responsibility of implementing the "Tejaswini Maharashtra Rural Women Empowerment Scheme" has been entrusted to :

- 1) Women Social Welfare Committee                      2) Women Economic Development Corporation
- 3) Women and Child Welfare Department                      4) Non - Government Organisations

37) As per Maharashtra Bio-Tech Policy 2001, The Agro Bio-tech Industries are allowed to get powder supply at following tariff.

- 1) Industrial                      2) Agriculture                      3) Commercial                      4) Residential

- 38) As per MSMED Act, 2006, the micro, small or medium enterprise shall file memorandum with  
1) Directorate of Industries  
2) District Industries center  
3) Development commissioner (MSME)  
4) Secretary (MSME)
- 39) As per MSMED Act, 2006 the existing Industrial unit should fill up only  
1) Part IV of the memorandum  
2) Part II of the memorandum  
3) Part I of the memorandum  
4) Part III of memorandum
- 40) Which scheme provides financial assistance to Scheduled Caste students for pursuing research studies leading to M.Phil, Ph.D. ?  
1) Rajiv Gandhi National Fellowship  
2) Dr. B.R. Ambedkar National Fellowship  
3) Babu Jagjivan Ram National Fellowship  
4) Mahatma Jotiba Phule National Fellowship
- 41) 'Eklavya Residential Public School' scheme has been started for .....  
1) Education in English medium to the scheduled caste students  
2) Education in Marathi medium to the Tribal students  
3) Education in English medium to the Tribal students  
4) Education in their respective dialect to the Tribal students
- 42) Consider the following statements :  
a) The Rajiv Gandhi National Fellowship scheme provide financial assistance to scheduled caste students for pursuing research studies.  
b) The Human Resource Development Ministry is the nodal agency for implementing the scheme.  
c) Research studies may lead to M. Phil and P.h. D.  
Which of the above statements are **true** ?  
1) (a) and (b)            2) (b) and (c)            3) (a) and (c)            4) (a), (b) and (c)
- 43) Chiranjeevi Yojana is :  
a) a programme to give long life to mother and child.  
b) basically meant for below poverty line families.  
c) for improving access to institutional delivery.  
d) a public private partnership model.  
**Answer options :**  
1) (a) and (b) only            2) (a) and (c) only            3) (b), (c) and (d)            4) (a), (b), (c), (d)
- 44) As per MSMED Act, 2006, where the investment in Plant & Machinery is more than Five crore rupees but does not exceed Ten crore rupees is classified as  
1) Large Enterprise    2) Micro Enterprise    3) Small Enterprise    4) Medium Enterprise
- 45) Match the following pairs :
- | I  | II         |
|--|------------|
| a) Indira Awaas Yojana (MY)                      | I) 1985-86 |
| b) Jawahar Rojgar Yojana (JRY)                   | II) 1980   |
| c) Swarnajayanti Gram Swarozgar Yojana (SGSY)    | III) 1999  |
| d) Integrated Rural Development Programme (IRDP) | IV) 1989   |



- |    | <b>a</b> | <b>b</b> | <b>c</b> | <b>d</b> |
|----|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| 1) | I        | IV       | III      | II       |
| 2) | III      | I        | II       | IV       |
| 3) | II       | III      | IV       | I        |
| 4) | IV       | II       | I        | III      |

46) The process of industrialization launched as a conscious and deliberate policy under Industrial Policy Resolution of 1956 and vigorously implemented under the Five Year Plan involved heavy investment in building up capacity over a wide spectrum of industries. As a result over the last nearly 50 years.

- a) Industrial production went up by about 5 times.  
b) India became the fifth most industrial country of the world.

Now state whether :

- 1) Statement 'a' is correct but 'b' is not                      2) Statement 'b' is correct but 'a' is not  
3) Both the statement 'a' and 'b' are correct                4) Neither statement 'a' nor 'b' is correct

47) Which one of the following Prime Ministers launched the scheme of 'Navodaya Vidyalaya, providing free education and stay at residential schools for meritorious children of poor rural families ?

- 1) Indira Gandhi                      2) Rajiv Gandhi                      3) Inder Kumar Gujral    4) V.P. Singh

48) Which one of the following two statements is **correct** ?

- a) Kasturba Gandhi Balika Vidyalaya is for girls from Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribes only.  
b) It is set up in educationally backward blocks where schools are distant.

**Answer options :**

- 1) (a) only                      2) (b) only                      3) Both (a) and (b)                      4) Neither (a) nor (b)

49) The Constitution of India recognises :

- 1) only religious minorities                      2) only linguistic minorities  
3) religious and linguistic minorities                      4) religious, linguistic and ethnic minorities

50) **Assertion (A)** : The word 'minority' is not defined in the Constitution of India.

**Reason (R)** : The minorities Commission is not a constitutional body.

In the context of the above two statements, which one of the following is correct?

**Answer options :**

- 1) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A  
2) Both A and R are true but R is not a correct explanation of A  
3) A is true but R is false  
4) A is false but R is true